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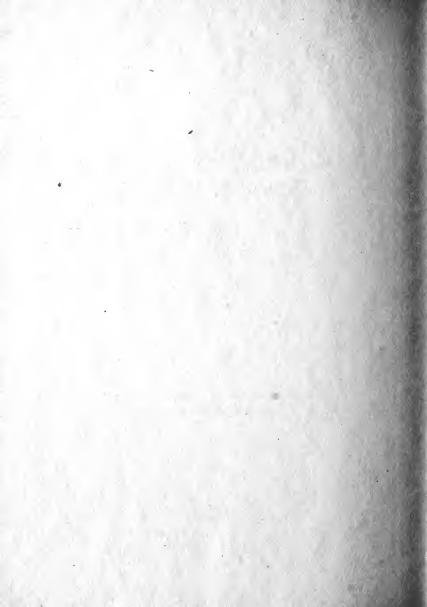
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MAY 28 1931 *

CHOICE AND RARE HARDY PLANTS



Wolcott Nurseries Jackson, Michigan

Members Women's National Agricultural and Horticultural Association

Attention Southern Customers.

We would like to call attention to the fact that our springs are very late (one of the trying features of operating a Nursery in a cold climate) and it is impossible for us to make early shipments, as our stock is almost entirely field grown. It is usually along in May before vegetation has trade enough start to permit us to commence digging.

We beg your indulgence, for your plants will quickly make up lost time when moved to a warmer situation.

E wish to express our appreciation of the interest shown by garden lovers in the pioneer work we are doing in this country. It is a good deal of an undertaking to bring to the public a collection of choice varieties which are little known by the majority of gardeners. But the interest is great and the desire to learn very sincere, which encourages us to forge ahead and give the people in our own America the opportunity to add to their gardens the choicest of the European gems. And as they become better

We specialize on the desirable new and rare varieties as they make their appearance abroad or in this country and our plants are strong, vigorous stock and, grown in our trying climate, we can assure their hardiness anywhere.

known, the only wonder will be that we have deprived ourselves of the pleasure of growing them for so long a time.

We are carrying a large stock of the choicest rock plants and send out stock that is sturdy and with good roots, the prime requisite with any plant. But please remember they are not hollyhocks and must of necessity be small, when their full stature is often only two to four inches.

We guarantee our plants to be true to name and description, but it is obviously impossible to guarantee they will grow after leaving our hands. We are always glad, however, to give all the assistance possible to our patrons by giving them any information desired as to the special requirements of any plant.

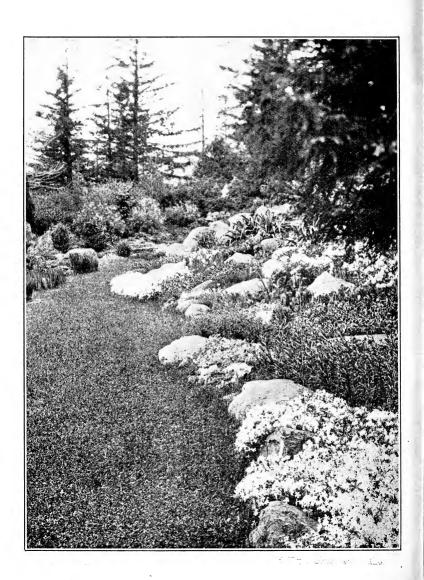
Any damage in transit or any shortage must be reported immediately to receive consideration.

We shall be glad to receive inquiries for any plants not included in this list, as we have small stocks of many choice and rare varieties.

TERMS—Cash with order, unless it is desired to open an account with us. In that case, please send financial references.

· No account opened for less than an initial order of \$10.00.

Not less than six plants of the same variety supplied at the dozen rate.



Rock Gardens

The object of a rock garden is to enable one to grow flowers that have their homes in the high mountains where snows are deep and summer very short. To be sure, all plants grown in the rockery are not natives of the alpine regions, but the great majority are, and while the beginner is apt to feel that this is a most difficult branch of gardening, it is only necessary to begin with the many easy subjects to find it not only comparatively easy but immensely fascinating and one that opens up entirely new delights in gardening.

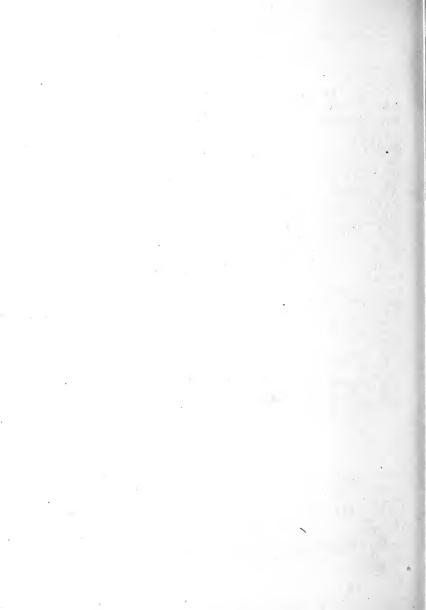
We cannot all, of course, have extensive rock gardens; nor is it necessary, for a wonderful collection of rock plants can be grown in a small space. The most of us have a wall or bank that can be converted into a most bewitching spot with the aid of rock plants.

As a rule, alpine plants are so miniature that they at once appeal to the protective instinct and while they appear so delicate as to make one feel they must be most difficult to grow, many of them are of as easy culture as a rose. As to the more difficult kinds, one need not attempt these until their experience grows a little and it is always an incentive to greater effort to know there are delights just beyond us.

It is not necessary to have expense in order to have a delightful rock garden but rather that we turn our attention to the soil and site for the treasures we wish to possess. It must be borne in mind that rock plants are very deep rooting and so need plenty of good soil and extensive root runs, under rocks. Also that in most of cases the surface needs to be kept covered with small stones and that in all cases care should be taken that the rain supply is not cut off by overhanging rocks.

We have not listed any plants too difficult for the ordinary gardener to grow, as we realize we have few specialists on alpine plants in this country at the present time but as our garden lovers become acquainted with the charms of alpine plants, we prophecy there will be many such enthusiasts.

We will always be glad to give lists of plants for special places, free of charge, provided we have the requests between November 1st and March 1st.



E	ich.	Doz.
ACHILLEA—Milfoil or Yarrow		
Hardy Perennial		
Well known border plants, suitable for dry and sunny places.		
A. ageratifolia—Tufted growth with silvery leaves and white flowers. Blooms in May and June. Fine for rockery. 3 in\$.50	\$ 5.00
A. Clavennea—Compact tufts of silvery foliage with a profusion of white flowers from July to Sept. Rockery	.50	5.00
A. ptarmica "Boule de Neige"—An improved variety of this useful plant, having very double flowers of a purer white than the type\$	95	\$ 2.50
	.20	2.00
ACONITUM—Monkshood		
Hardy Perennial		
Aconitums are very stately and beautiful plants for the hardy border. Exceedingly valuable on account of their late bloom as well as for planting in shade, as they will flourish even under trees. Thrive best in very rich soil and prefer not to be disturbed when once es- tablished.	- _0.	
A. Fischeri—Semi-dwarf variety with large, pale blue flowers. Commences to bloom in September	.35 .35	\$ 3.50 3.50
China by Mr. Wilson. Large, violet-blue flowers from September until frost	.50	5.00
ALYSSUM—Mad Wort		
Hardy Perennial		
Beautiful, showy plants for rock work, bedding, etc. They like a sunny position and well drained soil.		
A. argenteum—Dense growth. Leaves silvery beneath, flowers yellow in clustered heads, all summer. About 15 in.	.50	5.00
A. orientale—Very showy variety, growing about a foot high and bearing large corymbs of bright yellow		
flowers\$.20	\$ 2.00

WOLCOTT WORDLRIED		
	Each.	Doz.
A. saxatile citrinum—Very attractive variety with paler yellow flowers than the type	.20	2.00
A. "Silver Queen"—A very beautiful variety from England. Masses of pale yellow blooms	.35	3.50
A. serpyllifolium—Very dwarf, 4 inches to 5 inches high, with racemes of pale yellow flowers and rough, hoary leaves. Charming for the rock garden. Very rare	.50	5.00
A. spinosum—A woody stemmed plant with silvery leaves and numerous small, yellow blossoms. About 6 in. high and very branching habit. A gem for the		
A. spinosum roseum—A very choice rose colored form	.50	5.00
of the above. Very scarce	.75	7.50
ANCHUSA—Alkanet		
Hardy Perennial		
Anchusas grow readily in ordinary soil in sunny sitations but quickly respond to good feeding. Their large hairy leaves and tall spikes of beautiful blue flowers make a fine background in borders and Physostegia is very effective planted in front of them, as the latter takes their place when through flowering.		
A. italica—"Dropmore Variety"—A beautiful variety of the Italian Alkanet with numerous flowers of deepest gentian blue. In good soil will reach a height of six to seven feet with numerous side branches, making a most imposing plant. Requires staking	.25	\$ 2.50
A. italica—"Opal"—A charming blue variety. Iden-		
tical with above execpt colorA. italica—"Lissadell Variety"—A recent introduction	.35	3.50
Flowers clear blue, very large; very floriferous	.35	3.50
A. myosotidiflora—A new and very charming variety of Anchusa, its dwarf habit making it suitable either for the rockery or front of the border. Quantities of		
bright blue flowers in May and June	.35	3.50
ATHEMIS—Marguerite		
Hardy Perennial		
A. tinctoria—A very desirable plant for the hardy garden with pyrethrum-like foliage and a profusion of golden yellow flowers all summer. Fine for cutting	.25	2.50
A. montana—A white flowering variety of the above	.25 .25	2.50

Each.

Doz.

ANTIRRHINUM—Snapdragon Hardy Perennial			
The ordinary snapdragons are of too coarse growth to be admitted to the rock garden, but there are two or three species that are very charming in June. A dry, sunny spot and well drained soil are essential to success.			
A. Asarina—A trailing plant from the south of France with very attractive foliage and creamy white flowers\$.35	\$	3.50
A. glutinosum hybridum—A charming strain of lovely colors, very valuable for the rock garden	.35		3.50
A. sempervirens—A beautiful trailing plant for the rock garden. Flowers white with purple blotch	.35		3.50
ANTHYLLIS—Vetch Hardy Perennial			
A. montana—Somewhat shrubby plant about one foot high with silky foliage and dense heads of pink blossoms. Very easy culture and much prized for the rock garden	.50	\$	5.00
AQUILEGIA—Columbine			
Hardy Perennial			
The Aquilegias need no praise; they appeal to everyone by their grace and the beauty of their flowers, the colors of the new hybrids being particularly handsome. All the Columbines may be used on the rockery, but it is better to leave the larger species and their varieties to the border, although some of them are very attractive when perched on some high spot.			
They thrive in shade or sun but prefer a rich, well-drained soil in partially shaded position. If not allowed to go to seed and not covered too heavily in winter, they will flourish for years and will not change their colors. Coal ashes put around the crown in the fall will help to prevent their decay.			
A. alpina—A charming species from Switzerland and best suited to the rockery. Beautiful blue and white flowers. Very rare\$.50	\$	5.00
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	ach.	Doz.
A. cærulea—True—Lovely white and blue flowers \$.25	\$ 2.50
A. cærulea—"Mrs. Nicholls"—A fine novelty. The flowers are long spurred and immense size. Beautiful coloring of Stuartii, with somewhat better constitution	.50	5.00
A. flabellata nana—Very dwarf white variety. The first to bloom in spring. Fine for rockery or edging	.25	2.50
A. "Silver Queen"—New. A very beautiful variety raised in England. Large, elegant flowers with long spurs, white faintly tinged rosy sapphire; 2 ft	.50	5.00
A. "White Lady"—A beautiful variety of cærulea with white flowers and graceful foliage; 2 ft	.50	5.00
A. canadensis—The native bright red and yellow columbine	.20	2.00
A. chrysantha—Bright yellow, long spurred flowers	.20	2.00
A. oxysepala—Dwarf and early flowering. Very attractive with flowers of blue and white with yellow centers. Very new	.50	5.00
anthers. Gem for the rockery	.50	5.00
A. Viridiflora—Rare and interesting species with greenish flowers. Very fragrant	.50	5.00
A. Long spurred Hybrids—Selected from the finest long-spurred varieties obtainable in Europe; strains that have received the highest awards at the Royal Horticultural Shows in London. They range in color from cream white to delicate lavender, blue, delicate pink, rose, deep purple and pure yellow; 2 ft	.25	2.50
ARABIS—Rock Cress		
Hardy Perennial		
One of the most common of rock plants. Ordinary soil is suitable but they must have a sunny position. We offer the best of the many varieties.		
A. alpina superba—Large, pure white flowers. Fine for edging and for rockery\$.20	\$ 2.00
A. aubrietioides—A beautiful variety of rock-cress, bearing a profusion of delicate pink flowers	.35	3.50
A. caucasica—A cream colored alpina	.20	2.00
A. rosea—Very dwarf species with an abundance of fose colored flowers	.30	3.00

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ARENARIA—Sand Wort	ach.	Doz.
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As their name implies, these plants do best in sand and full sun. Beautiful and of easy culture, they are most at home in the rock garden.		
A. Balerica—Creeping plant with dark green foliage and white blossoms. A gem for cool, shady places in the rockery	.25	2.50
A. cæspitosa—A close tufted plant of mossy growth, studded with white flowers all summer. Charming for the rock garden\$.20	\$ 2.00
A. gracills—Very new and as its name indicates, of slender, graceful growth. Fine rock garden plant	.25	2.50
A. montana—Creeping variety, forming mounds of green which in early summer are covered with large white blossoms. Indispensable for the rockery	.25	2.50
ARMERIA—Sea Pink or Thrift		
Hardy Perennial		
Small perennials, with leaves in rosettes close to the ground. Very easy culture, preferring a sunny position in light soil.	• 4.	
A. caespitosa vera—Very rare, Spiny leaves, forming very compact rosettes. Pink flowers. Rockery	.50	5.00
A. cephalotes—Long, narrow foliage with heads of bloom of light rose color on long stems. Very attractive	.25	2.50
A. cephalotes rubra—Flowers a deeper pink	.25	2.50
ARTEMESIA—Lactiflora Hardy Perennial A recent introduction and a most valuable addition to the hardy border. Foliage very graceful, almost like a Spirea. Flower stems from three to four feet high, bearing panicles of very fragrant white blooms	.25	\$ 2.50
ASTER—Dwarf Alpine		
Hardy Perennial		
A. alpinus—Very effective plants for the rock garden or edge of hardy border. Bear large, showy purple flowers in May and June\$.20	\$ 2.00

A. alpinus himalaicus—More dwarf than the type and bearing a profusion of lilac blue flowers. Very	Each.	Doz.
choice	.35	3.50
A. alpinus Magnificus—Handsome variety with pure white flowers	.25	2.50
A. subcærulea—A very handsome dwarf aster. Tufted foliage, slightly hairy, with large, solitary flowers of	8.	
pale blue with golden centers, making a most beautiful combination	.25	2.50
ASTILBE—Meadow Sweet		
Hardy Perennial		cer Já
Handsome border plants, especially suited to moist or half shady places. Extremely graceful and not known as well as they should be.		
A. Ceres—Delicate rose-colored flowers with silvery		1.0
	.35	\$ 3.50
A. Etna—Beautiful rose pink blooms. Very new	.50	5.00
tall and bearing immense panicles of white flowers	.25	2.50
A. Rubens—A recent introduction of great beauty producing large panicles of the deepest rose colored		0 850
blooms	.50	5.00
A. Salmon Queen—Beautiful salmon pink	.35	3.50
A. Vesta—Graceful plumes of lilac-rose	.35	3.50
A. simplicifolia—A new, dwarf, Japanese alpine. A		
gem for the rock garden, freely producing panicles	50	F 00
of handsome white flowers. 6 inches. Fall delivery	.50	5.00

AUBRETIA—Wall Cress

Hardy Perennial

The rock garden could ill afford to do without its wonderful masses of Aubretia that give such a rare color during April and May and which are among the most easily grown and the most showy of all rock plants. They form spreading tufts and are never seen at their best on the flat, but should be so placed that they may droop over some mound of soil or cover the face of a rock, or fall from the top of a rockery wall. A light loamy soil meets their requirements and after the flowers are over the plants should be cut back well, that the tufts may not become bare in the center. We offer the best of the new, named varieties.

	Each.	Doz.
A. Bridesmaid—Pale rosy blush	\$.25	\$ 2.50
A. Cilicica—One of the best—flowers large and freely produced. Lavender with white eye		2.50
A. Craven Gem-New-Very fine deep purple	25	2.50
A. Fire King-Glowing Crimson-Very fine	25	2.50
A. H. MarshallRich deep mauve colored flowers; late	.25	2.50
A. J. S. Baker—Purple flowers with white eye	25	2.50
A. Leichtlini-Bright rose colored flowers	25	2.50
A. Mrs. Crosfield—A grand purple variety with very large flowers. Earlier than most	.25	2.50
A. Mrs. Lloyd Edwards—A deep reddish purple	25	2.50
A. Perkinsii—New Violet blue with white eye; compact	•	3.50
A. Pritchard's A-1—New—Violet flowers; compact habit; one of the finest	35	3.50
A. Selected Hybrids—From fine large flowered varieties, ranging in color from rose to carmen		2.00
BELLIS—Daisy		
Hardy Perennial		
Nearly everyone is familiar with the common hardy daisy, but the improved form of these delightful plants is a surprise to those who see them for the first time. The size of bloom has been increased until the choicer varieties are as large as small asters. Fine for edgings.	.	
B. Monstrosum—A monster variety of the hardy English Daisy. New, pure white; 6 inches	\$.20	\$ 2.00
B. Pink Beauty-Deep pink, very handsome; 6 inches.	.20	2.00
B. alpinus—Alpine Daisy—A graceful, spreading plant growing about six inches high and covered with dainty pink and white single flowers throughout the summer and autumn	l :	2.00
B. cærulescens—An exceptionally dainty little plant, flowers white, tinted lilac. Requires a warm site.		
Fine for the rockery; 3 inches		2.50
B. nivilas—(Miniature Daisy)—Of low, trailing growth and white flowers. A gem for the rockery		2.00
B. sylvestris—New. Single, deep red blooms		2.50

	Each.	Doz.
BOCCONIA—Plume Poppy), - I
Hardy Perennial		71.5
B. cordata-A very handsome plant, both in foliag	e .	
and flower, and fine for planting in the border or is	n	
groups in almost any position. Flowers of a cream white, in large panicles, during July and August	25	2.50
white, in large painties, during july and ragustimini		2.00
CAMPANULAS—Bellflowers	3	
Hardy Perennials and Biennials		
The Bellflowers are for the most part of a ver	v	
elegant habit and beautiful appearance. The perennia	1	
varieties are all of great beauty, the taller ones being		
suitable for the border and very valuable as cut flowers while the dwarfer sorts are well adapted for the front o		
borders and for rockeries. The most of the varieties ar	e	
easily grown and unless otherwise specified, prefer	a	152.00
well-drained, rather rich sandy loam. Those adapted trockery culture are among the choicest of perennia		
plants.	.1	
C. abietina—Very dwarf, tufted growth. Sauce	r	
shaped, purple flowers on long stems. Very choice	2.	
Rockery	75	7.50
C. alliarifolia—Showy and choice bell-flower of pyra	-	
midal habit. The flowers are white, long tubed an hang in scores from one side of arching stems		2.50
C. barbata —So called because of the hairs inside th		
blooms. It requires a well-drained soil, containing		
plenty of stones, and more sun than most of bell		
flowers. The handsome pale blue flowers are produced from May to July, on stems about 1 ft. high		5.00
C. Bowle's Hybrid—A cross between C. carpatica an		J.00
C. rotundifolia. Very new and very choice		5.00
C. Burghalti-A striking plant with long, silky flower		
of a lavander blue tint	25	2.50
C. carpatica—The well-known Carpathian Bellflowe		
and suitable for the front of border and rockery. The		
form large compact tufts and bear a wealth of cup shaped blossoms about 1½ inches across, of a beaut	- 1	
ful shade of blue; 1 ft	25	2.50
C. carpatica alba—The white form. Choice and	a	
beautiful companion for the one preceding	25	2.50
C. carpatica "Chastity"—Introduced by Norman Grove		
the Campanula specialist. Pure white flowers, erec habit, very free flowering		5.00
made, very free newering		0.00

	Each.	Doz.
C. carpatica "Meteor"—Another of Grove's introductions and we will give his description: "A charming bellflower with broad, somewhat flattened flowers that are almost white but have an opalescent effect caused by the soft blue coloring that shows through from the back of the segments. Plant 10 inches		r 00
high." C. carpatica—"Selected White." An extra large and selected variety of the Carpathian Harebell. Pure	.50	5.00
white flowers, freely produced	.25	2.50
blue, on slender stems about 1 ft. high	.25	2.50
starry, light blue flowers having a white eye; exquisite hanging over a rock	.50	5.00
ers with white center. More upright in habit than type. A striking plant	.75	7.50
Fine for the border; 2 ft	.20	2.00
flowers	.25	2.50
mer, violet, in long racemes; 5 ft	.20	2.50
ber; 4 ft	.25	2.50 5.00
C. latifolia—A strong growing variety, 3 to 5 ft. high. Flowers in July, blue	.20	2.00
C. latifolia Macrantha—Tall and handsome species with royal purple flowers, 2 inches long, trumpet-shaped. Suitable for the border or wild garden	.20	2.00
C. muralis—Very dwarf plant covered with blue purple flowers in June. Fine for wall or rock garden	.50	5.00
C. muralis bavarica—An improved form of C. muralis with larger flowers on longer, more upright stems.	m e	M 70
Easily grown and fine for wall or rockery	.75	7.50

	Each.	Doz.
C. petrae—Very new. Silvery leaves and whorls of showy, yellow flowers	.75	7.50
C. persicæfolia—(Peach Bells)—One of the finest border varieties, bearing large, blue, saucer-shaped flowers on long spikes 3 ft. high. June and July	.20	2.00
C. persicæfolia alba grandiflora—A fine variety of the above, with extra large blossoms. White	.20	2.00
C. persicæfolia Mærheimi—A very fine variety of the Peach Bell, with spikes of double, pure white flowers.C. pusilla—One of the very choice rock bellflowers.	.25	2.50
Strong grower with a profusion of blue flowers during Julyand August. About three inches high		5.00
Charming for the rockery or edging	.50	5.00
C. Raddeana—A very handsome perennial, forming a compact bush some 12 inches high, with dark, wiry stems and large purple flowers. Very beautiful if planted near a low shrub in the rockery, to act as a		in a
light support for the beautiful blossoms	.50	5.00
C. rotundifolia—The wild blue English harebell; very graceful drooping blue bells, rising from compact tufts of foliage; fine for rockery	.20	2.00
C. rotundifolia alba—Pure white form of this charming harebell	.20	2.00
C. rotundifolia Hostii—A large form of above with rich blue flowers. Very free	.25	2.50
C. Robsoni—A new hybrid of Scheuchzeri and turbinata with large, deep blue bells on spikes	.35	3.50
C. Scheuchzeri—A very graceful plant with a profusion of lavander blue flowers	.25	2.50
C. Stansfieldii—An easily grown and beautiful variety of bellflower. It forms a dwarf carpet of leaves and bears unusually large blue, somewhat drooping flow-		-
ers. Charming in the rockery	.50	5.00
C. Steveni—A beautiful Campanula with dense foliage and flowers of a purplish blue. Very floriferous; 6 in.	.50	5.00
C. tommasiniana—A lovely Italian alpine with narrow blue flowers on slender stems. It forms a dense tuft and flourishes in light soil on rock work; 9 in	.75	7.50
C. turbinata—Similar to C. carpatica but more dwarf,	.19	Table 1.00
with deep purple, erect flowers	.20	2.00
C. velutina—Downy foliage, large white flowers, tinted pink. Prefers a dry position; 1 ft	.50	5.00

E	ach.	Doz.
C. Vidalli—A very beautiful biennial campanula, forming a pyramidal bush 2 ft. high. Flowers pale blue. Half hardy	.50	5.00
C. waldsteiniana—A Hungarian rock plant of exquisite beauty. It has upright and star-shaped blue flowers		
on short stems. It does well in a cool part of the rock garden in gritty loam. Scarce and very choice	.75	7.50
CENTRANTHUS—Valerian Fami	ily	
C. ruber—Excellent showy plant for borders, walls, etc. Blooms all summer and is excellent for cutting\$.25	\$ 2.50
CERASTIUM—Chickweed Hardy Perennial		
C. tomemtosum—(Snow in Summer)—Grey foliage and white flowers. Invaluable for rockeries\$.20	\$ 2.00
CHRYSANTHEMUM LEUCANTHE	MUI	M
Shasta Daisy		
Hardy Perennial A handsome, strong growing plant for the hardy		
border and valuable for cutting.		
C. Alaska—Handsome plant, with large, glistening white blossoms	25	\$ 2.50
C. Annie House-Very New-Pure white. Three		
rows of petals. Fine; 2 ft	.3 5	3.50
cinated. Very lasting	.35	3.50
C. King Edward VII.—Huge cup-shaped flowers. Very attractive; 2½ ft	.25	2.50
C. Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell—Very large, perfectly formed flowers. Continuous bloomer. One of the		
largest	.25	2.50
C. Vomerense—Very New—Pure white. The largest and most refined. Undoubtedly the finest of the group. Its flowers frequently measure 6 inches	.35	3.50
across; 3½ ft	.55	3.30
attractive plant. Forms a rosette of deep green foliage and in the fall is a mass of white daisies some-		
times tinged lilac	.25	2.50

Each.

Doz.

CLEMATIS—Virgin's Bower		
Hardy Perennial		
C. recta grandiflora—One of the best hardy perennials. A strong, erect growing plant with heads of creamy white flowers. Is best moved when young	.25	2.5
CLEMATAQUILA—Spurless Colum	bine	2
Hardy Perennial		
This is a new strain exhibited before the Royal Horticultural Society in London and supposed to be a cross between Clematis and Aquilegia. The growth is like the columbine and the flowers are very graceful and entirely without spurs. The colors are similar to those in Aquilegia hybrids and all are lovely—pale pink, rose, blue, purple and white	.25	\$ 2.5
COREOPSIS—Tick Seed	. مر - ي	2
Hardy Perennial		
C. grandiflora—A splendid, showy plant for the border or shrubbery. Flowers bright yellow, two or three inches across, all summer. One of the best; 3 ft.	.20	2.0
C. lanceolata—A very popular plant, with lance-shaped leaves and golden yellow flowers; 2 ft	.15	1.5
DELPHINIUMS—Hardy Larkspo	ur	
Hardy Perennial		
The Delphinium of today is one of the most beautiful of all flowers. It is most rich in coloring and very stately of habit. The foliage is very attractive and the spikes of bloom freely borne. A border of Delphiniums will often remain in bloom for two months. The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple and they thrive in almost any position. A rich, friable loam will suit them finely. Dig deeply, add plenty of well-rotted manure and plant about three to four feet apart, being very careful that no manure comes in contact with the roots.		
Planted in lines or groups as a background for other plants, the effect is exceedingly fine. Copious watering in summer will greatly increase the size of spike and flower and top dressing is strongly recom-		ar dr

WOLCOTT NORSERIES			
mended that the soil will not dry out and bake. Coal ashes strewn over the crowns will protect the plant from slugs and worms through the winter and spring. We regret to be obliged to omit our list of named varieties for this season as we have sold ourselves entirely out of stock.	ich.	I	Doz.
D. Belladonna grandiflora—A much improved form of the Beladonna type bearing large flowers of a beau- tiful sky blue. Extra fine\$.25	\$	2.50
D. English Hybrids—From the finest named varieties to be found abroad	.25		2.50
DIANTHUS—Pinks Hardy Perennial			
Pinks comprise a large number of valuable plants for the rockery, wall garden or border. We have formed what we consider a very representative collection of Pinks. The majority are of easy culture and where any special treatment is necessary, we have made mention of the fact. All Pinks should have plenty of sun, unless otherwise mentioned, and the majority may be divided after flowering.			
D. alpinus (Alpine Pink)—This is one of the loveliest of all rockery Pinks, with glossy leaves and large flowers of brilliant rose, produced during June and July. It thrives best in loam with some lime added and perhaps a little shade during the hottest part of the summer. A gem for the rock garden; 6 in	.50	\$	5.00
D. arenarius (Sand-loving pink)—As its name indicates, this Pink delights in a sandy soil and sun. Flowers white with a carmine ring, deeply fringed and fragrant. Evcellent for dry, hot places; 6 in	.20		2.00
D. cæsius grandiflorus—This is the "Cheddar Pink" and one of the best known of the family. It is very campact in growth and makes a cushion of glaucous leaves from which, in May, spring the sweet-smelling, rose-colored flowers, each on its own stem. It varies as much as from four inches to ten inches in height. It is easily grown and very fine for the wall or rock			
D. cruentus—Dense heads of flowers on long stems. Deep red. Fine border plant	.50 .25		5.00 2.50

	Each.	Doz.
D. deltoides (Maiden Pink)—A beautiful little plant with narrow leaves and bearing a profusion of small crimson flowers during June and July. Easily grown on rockery	A. 1	2.00
D. deltoides albus—A charming white form of the		2.00
above variety	.20	2.00
D. deltoides "Brilliant"—A very choice variety of the above, bearing bright rose-colored flowers	.25	2.50
D. Falconeri—A small plant with extremely glaucous foliage, almost blue. Small, cream white blossoms in June. Extremely choice		7.50
D. fragrans—An easy rockery pink, needing sandy loam and grit. It produces white fringed flowers. Fragrant. Sun		2.00
D. gallicus—Flowers' purplish crimson, highly scented, on stems about one foot high		2.00
D. giganteus —The tallest of the pinks, growing to a height of 24 to 28 inches. Bluish foliage, flowers of medium size, bright crimson on long, unbranched stems		2.50
D. glacialis—Although this is listed by some as one of the difficult pinks, it has been of the easiest culture with us in gritty sand and peat. It has exquisite rose colored blossoms on short stems and is a real treasure for the rockery. Very rare.		7.50
D. graniticus (Granite Pink)—A glorified form of the Maiden Pink, rather taller and with large rose-colored flowers from June onward. Prefers a sunny place and gritty soil. Especially fine for the rock		35
garden	25	2.50
D. kamtschaticus—Distinct rock plant and one of the best introductions of recent years. It is of trailing	-	
D. neglectus—One of the most beautiful wild Pinks in cultivation. The stems are about 6 inches high with deep rose-colored flowers, frequently borne two on a stem. No flower garden should be without this lovely		2.50 5.00
Pink		
Very fragrant		2.50
son blooms on stems about a foot high		2.50

	Each.	Doz.
D. superbus grandiflorus (Fringed Pink)—Very frag- rant and bears deeply fringed flowers, ranging from		
white to pink or rose	.25	2.50
D. superbus Holtzeri—A very beautiful variety of the above. Blooms early	.25	2.50
D. sylvestris (Wood Pink)—Bluish foliage and salmon pink flowers on stems about a foot high. It likes an open, sunny place in stony loam and a slight covering of stone chips upon the surrounding soil is beneficial	.20	2.00
D. plumarius hybrids (Hardy Garden Pink)—Very easily grown and ranging from white to deep rose. Hardy Pinks are favorites with all gardeners and thrive in a sunny, well-drained position. Very fine strain	.20	2.00
D. plumarius "Cyclops"—Lovely large-flowered single	.20	2.00
Pinks of rose or crimson color; fine for cutting; 15 in.	.25	2.50
D. plumarus "Homer"—Rosy pink with dark center	.25	2.50
D. plumarius "Maurice Pritchard"—Perhaps the finest single Pink. Robust constitution. Exceptionally		
large pink flowers. Excellent for cutting	.25	2.50
D. plumarius "Mrs. Sinkins"—Large double white flowers. Very fragrant	.25	2.50
D. plumarius "Munstead Strain"—A charming class of pheasant-eyed Pinks. Single flowers and very fragrant	.20	2.00
Hardy Carnations—The genuine hardy border carnation is a great addition to the garden. During the last few		2.00
years great progress has been made in the culture of these plants and we take great pleasure in of- fering a strain from one of the best known growers in Scotland. They are perfectly hardy and bear in		
profusion blooms that are quite as large and just as		
handsome as the greenhouse variety. We guarantee these to be the true variety	.35	3.50
SWEET WILLIAM		
Hardy Perennial		
D. barbatus "Diadem"—Most effective. Rich crimson with large white eye	.20	2.00
D. barbatus "Harlequin"—Each head of flowers includes many shades of color, curiously marked. Ex-		
ceedingly bright	.20	2.00

WOLCOIT NURSERIES			
D. barbatus "Holborn Glory"—A very fine auricula- eyed variety, white with a well marked and distinct	Cach.	Do	oz.
eye	.20	2	00.5
D. barbatus "Pink Beauty"—A beautiful salmon pink variety, which should be grown in every garden	.25	2	2.50
scarlet. Very new and very fine	.25	. 2	2.50
pure white variety	.20	2	00.8
D. Deep Crimson—Very handsome deep red	.20	2	00.8
D. barbatus Double Mixed—A splendid strain of the old-fashioned double Sweet William	.20	2	2.00
DIGITALIS—Foxglove			
Hardy Perennial			
The Foxglove has been a favorite in gardens since our grandmother's time and adds beauty and dignity to any planting. The newer varieties show exceedingly choice colorings as well as increased size in spike and bloom and in combination with Larkspur and Canterbury Bells, create a most charming spot in any garden.			
Their cultivation will give no trouble if given a rich, friable soil and not treated too kindly by covering the crowns for the winter. Cornstalks, so placed that they do not mat down, make an ideal covering, as they must have air during the winter. It is also well to remove some of the largest leaves.			
D. "Ayshire White" (New White Foxglove)—A very			
fine variety, producing large spikes of pure white flowers	.25	\$ 2	.50
flowers of cream or buff color	.25	2	.50
D. "Giant Spotted"—Beautiful Spotted flowers in many different colors. Very large	.25	2	.50
DRABA—Whitlow-Grass			
Hardy Perennial			
One of the important spring flowering plants for the rockery. Very dwarf and compact with numerous small flowers in early spring. They require an open soil and sunny position.			
D. aizoides—Forms beautiful little rosettes of hairy leaves, covered in spring with bright yellow flowers		3	
about 2 inches high\$.35	\$ 3	.50

	Each.	Doz.
D. borealis—Forms a rosette of slightly caespitose leaves and in spring bears white flowers on stems from		
two to twelve inches high. Rockery	.35	3.50
D. Dedeana—From northern Spain. Forms a dense tuft and covered with small white blossoms in early		
spring. Fine for rockery	.35	3.50
D. lasiocarpa—Very attractive rosettes of densely		
hairy leaves bearing umbels of deep yellow flowers in early spring	.50	. 5.00
D. repens-A graceful plant of trailing growth with		
numerous bright yellow flowers in early spring. Rockery	.50	5.00
DRACOCEPHALUM—Dragon's H	[ead	
Hardy Perennial		
A very valuable class of plants for moist, shady		
positions. They do not bloom well where it is dry and sunny.		
D. japonicum "Blue Gem"—An excellent deep blue		
hybrid of D. japonicum and blooms all summer. About one foot high\$.25	\$ 2.50
D. nutans alpinum-Beautiful plant for the rockery.		
Half trailing growth with an abundance of purple blue flowers	.50	5.00
D. Ruprechtii—Vigorous plant about 1½ feet high. Flowers purplish blue	.25	2.50
D. Ruschyanum—Dense spikes of deep purple flowers		2.00
on stems about one foot high	.25	2.50
D. speciosum—A fine variety with bright pink blossoms on stems three feet high	.25	2.50
ECHINOPS—Globe Thistle		
Hardy Perennial		•
E. ritro—Showy, thistle-like plants with large heads		
of steel blue flowers in July. Very attractive to bees and exceedingly effective when planted near rose-pink		
phloxphlox	.25	2.50
E. sphærocæphalus—Fine silvery foliage and heads of	0.5	0.50
whitish flowers	.25	2.50

	ach.	Doz.
ERIGERON—Fleabane	,	
Hardy Perennial		
Showy plants with daisy-like blooms springing from tufts of more or less hairy leaves. Very effective used in masses in the border or rock garden.		
E. elatior—Striking plant with silvery-lavander flowers in clusters on stems about a foot high	.20	\$ 2.00
E. glabellus—Dwarf, violet flowers	.20	2.00
E. speciosus—Lavander flowers with yellow disc. Very	-	
free floweringE. speciosus grandiflorus—Larger and deeper colored	.20	2.00
than the type	.20	2.00
E. speciosus Mesa-Grande—Rich, deep blue. Erect	Weg.	- 113
and very free flowering. New	.25	2.50
ERINUS—Wall Erinus		
Hardy Perennial		
Very attractive spring flowering plants for the rock garden or dry wall. Thrives best in steep parts of the rockery where water cannot lodge and requires a little shade from the mid-day sun.		
E. alpinus—Purple flowers in racemes about 2 in. long\$.20	\$ 2.00
E. alpinus albus—A white variety of the above E. alpinus roseus—Sprays of bright red flowers and	.20	2.00
very attractive in clumps	.20	2.00
E. hirsutus—Leaves are more hairy than on the other varieties. Flowers reddish purple	.20	2.00
ERPETION—Reniforme		
Hardy Perennial		
Fine creeping plant forming tufts of leaves close to the ground. Small violet and white blossoms, like a baby Viola, to which family it belongs. A gem for the		
rockery	.35	3.50

ERYNGIUM—Sea Holly

Hardy Perennial

Handsome ornamental plants for the hardy border and especially useful for striking effects in landscape work.

WOLCOTT NEWSERIES	
Each.	. 1)oz.
E. agavifolium—Very distinct long wide prickly foliage. Very ornamental and good habit	5 \$ 3.50
E. planum—Branching heads of steel blue flowers,	Ψ 0.00
stems and bracts of a glistening metallic sheen	0 2.00
GAILLARDIA—Blanket Flower	
Hardy Perennial	
During the summer and autumn months Gaillardia are among the gayest and most showy flowers and when	
grown in masses are literally a sheet of brilliant color.	
The flowers last a long time either on the plants or in	
a cut state. We have a fine strain of mixed varieties, only, this season\$.2.	5 \$ 2.50
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
GALEGA—Goat's Rue	
Hardy Perennial	
Showy plants of the easiest culture and very useful in the hardy border. They form very bushy plants with attractive foliage and pea-shaped flowers. Fine for cutting.	
G. Duchess of Bedford—Lilac and white flowers. Very free flowering\$.2.	5 \$ 2.50
G. officinalis—Dense clusters of lilac flowers	
G. orientalis—Blue purple. Loose, graceful habit2:	5 2.50
G. persica—Pure white	5 2.50
GERANIUM—Crane's Bill	
Hardy Perennial	
G. Fremonti—Large, showy flowers of a rosy pur- ple. Blooms all summer. About two feet high and	
a very desirable plant for the hardy border	5 2.50
G. grandiflorum—A fine plant for the border with striking deep violet flowers two inches across	5 2 50
G. Lowii—Very strong growing with handsome foliage unlike any other Geranium. Flowers rose pink. Very	0 500
G. pratense album—Very handsome white variety of	0 5.00
the Meadow Crane's Bill	0 2.00
G. sanguineum—Attractive foliage and bright crimson	
flowers. 18 inches	5 2.50

GEUM—Avens	Each.	D	oz.
Hardy Perennial	,		
Excellent border or rock plants, liking plenty of sun above and moisture at the roots during hot summers. They produce very showy, bright colored flowers from June to August. G. Bulgaricum—Enormous, orange yellow flowers; a			
magnificent variety. Very scarce and far in advance	50	œ :	5.00
of any other Geum\$ G. Eweni—Semi-double, orange yellow; 1 ft	.25	•	2.50
G. Mrs. Bradshaw—Large double scarlet, blooming			
nearly all summer. Very attractive	.25	2	2.50
GILLENIA—Bowman's Root Hardy Perennial			
G. trifoliata—Handsome plant for the rockery or hardy border with deeply cut foliage and numerous pinkish white flowers	.25	\$ 2	2.50
GYPSOPHILA—Chalk Plant Hardy Perennial			
•	.20	\$ 2	2.00
G. Maungini—A new variety from Mongolia. Very			
vigorous growth, attaining about four feet; glaucous foliage and numerous pinkish white flowers	.35	8	3.50
G. repens—Very attractive trailing plant for rockery or dry wall. Covered with small white flowers	.20	2	00.9
HELENIUM—Sneezewort			
Hardy Perennial			
Gorgeous plants for fall bloom, coming into flower in August and continuing until frost. There is quite a range in height and they are especially effective when planted with fall Asters.			
H. Autumnale Rubrum—Deep, rich crimson-purple. Fine; 5 ft\$		\$ 2	2.50
H. Ballanderi Superbum—Pale lemon, with dark center. Rare; 2 ft	.50	5	5.00

WORGOII WORGERIES		
	ach.	Doz.
H. Bigelowi—New species. Deep yellow, black disc and long stems. Prefers damp ground in full sun	.35	3.50
H. Riverton Beauty—Rich lemon yellow with large purplish center	.25	2.50
H. Riverton Gem—Old gold, changing to wall flower		
red. Very handsome	.25	2.50
HELIANTHUS—Perennial Sunflow	ver	
Fine for showy effects and as a background for other plants. Will grow anywhere and bloom from midsummer till fall.		
H. Miss Mellish—Orange yellow. Very free\$ H. Soleil d'Or—Rich yellow. Full double, quilled	.25 \$	2.50
petals	.25	2.50
H. Wolley Dodd—Deep yellow, about 6 feet	.25	2.50
HEMEROCALLIS—Yellow Day I	ilv	
Well known and popular plants, suitable for almost	<i>J</i>	
any situation but preferring a moderately moist and partially shady position. Make very showy clumps for the hardy garden.		
H. Apricot—Rich apricot color\$.30 \$	3.00
H. aurantiaca—Bright orange. Very fragrant	.30	3.00
H. flava—Lemon lily. Blooms in June	.25	2.50
H. Gold Dust—Bright yellow. Reverse of petals	05	0.50
H. Kwanso fl. pl.—Beautiful double blossoms of a	.25	2.50
bronzy-orange. Very lasting	.25	2.50
H. Middendorffii—Rich orange yellow. Very free	.25	2.50

HOLLYHOCK—Althaea Rosea

Hardy Perennial

No hardy garden is complete without the stately and majestic Hollyhock. They lend beauty to the hardy border or shrubbery which cannot be secured with any other plant.

The Hollyhock requires a deeply dug, well enriched soil and should be well supplied with water during the summer months. They will live and thrive for years if protected around the collar with sand or coal ashes dur-

WOEGOTT WORDERINGS		
ing winter and if the stem is left a foot or so high instead of being cut to the ground, it will prevent the crown from rotting.	Each.	Doz.
So far as we know, there is no absolute cure or prevention of the Hollyhock disease but we are pleased to give our patrons the benefit of a remedy found most effective by the specialists in England. "Slack one peck of lime and when cool add one peck of soot, 1 pound of flowers of sulphur and half an ounce of sulphate of copper (finely powdered). Pass the mixture through a fine sieve and dust the plants well over with it three or four times during the growing season, preferably early in the day while the dew is still on the		ig.
plants." We have been fortunate in being able to secure the most famous strain of Hollyhocks in the world and it affords us much pleasure to be able to offer them to our trade for the first time in this country.		**
A. Amaranth—Deep amaranth pink. Very distinct. Large and full	.35 -	\$ 3.50
A. Decora—(New.) Buff, suffused with rosy cerise, which is very prominent in late autumn. Large, well filled flower, strong grower and forms a handsome	.35	3.50
spike	.35	3.50
A. Delicata—Soft, delicate, creamy white. Very chaste A. Hugh Mitchell—(New.) Lilac mauve, the edge of the flower being of a lighter shade. Quite a new color in Hollyhocks. Handsome spike and flowers well	.25	2.50
formed	.35	3.50
A. Mulberry Superb—Rich, glowing mulberry	.35	3.50
white. A most distinct shade of color	.25	2.50
A. Allegheny—Large flowers with fringed petals in	.20	2.00
colors from palest pink to deep red. Mixed colors	.20	2.00

HYPERICUM—St. John's Wort

Hardy Perennial

Very ornamental plants, especially valuable in the rock garden. Their foliage is attractive, habit good and their late flowering makes them especially desirable.

They prefer a rich, sandy loam and if given partial shade, the blossoms last longer.	ich.	Doz.
H. olympicum—Upright growth, about a foot high. Leaves grayish green; flowers large, golden yellow. Very handsome	.50	\$ 5.00
H. polyphyllum—Rare. Glaucous foliage. Flowers yellow in dense terminal cymes. In bloom all summer	.75	7.50
H. repens—Exceedingly choice, prostrate variety, bearing a profusion of golden yellow blossoms. Fine for the rockery	.50	5.00
IBERIS—Candytuft		
Hardy Perennial		
The evergreen Candytufts rank high among the rock garden flowers. They are of half-shrubby growth and in April and May become smothered with bloom. Ordinary well-drained soil suits them and they never look better than when planted above some rock ledge so that the growth may hang over its face.		
I. gibraltarica hybrida—Very handsome variety of Candytuft with flowers shading from deep lavender to white. Blooms nearly all summer. Very strong grower. Young plants transplant best\$.35	\$ 3.50
I. Pruiti—A pretty little rock plant with pure white flowers	.25	2.50
I. Sempervirens "Snowflake"—A splendid new variety with large white flowers and evergreen habit	.30	3.00
LATHYRUS—Everlasting Pea		
Hardy Perennial		-
L. latifolius "Pink Beauty"—A very desirable hardy climber, bearing a profusion of delicate pink blossoms	.25	\$ 2.50
L. latifolius "White Pearl"—A very lovely pure white variety of the Everlasting Pea and a great improvement on the common L. albus	.35	3.50
L. rotundifolius—A fine variety with clusters of scarlet blossoms	.35	3.50

WOLCOIT NURSERIES		
LAVANDULA—Lavander Hardy Perennial L. vera—The true Lavender of our Grandmothers' gardens, prized for its fragrant leaves as well as for its attractive blue flowers	ach.	Doz.
	.20	2.00
LEONTOPODIUM—Edelweiss Hardy Perennial		
Contrary to the popular supposition that, because of the natural habitat of Edelweiss being on high mountains, it is difficult to grow, it is really easy if firmly planted in well-drained, stony loam in a sunny place among the rocks. The woolly flower heads, on stalks about six inches high, rise from a loose tuft of rather narrow grey leaves, in June. It requires lime in the soil \$.25	\$ 2.50
LINARIA—Toad Flax		
Hardy Perennial		
L. alpina—A charming rock garden plant of trailing growth, bearing a profusion of violet flowers with orange throat, like a miniature Snapdragon. Loves a sunny spot in well drained soil	.25	2.50 2.50
-		
LUPINUS—Lupine Hardy Perennial		
The Lupins are well known garden plants, bearing long spikes of pea-like blossoms of various colors. In many gardens Lupins are killed with kindness, as they strongly object to a rich soil. Planted in sandy loam, full sun and having perfect drainage, they will continue to be a joy for many years and one of the very showy subjects of the garden. We are fortunate in being able to offer hybrids from one of the most famous Lupine growers in Europe and the choice colors and large blooms will more than		
please our customers. Young plants\$.35	\$ 3.50
LINUM—Flax Hardy Perennial		
Charming border plants of easiest culture and pro- fuse bloomers. Prefer sandy loam in full sun.		
L. flavum—Fine variety with transparent, yellow blossoms. Very attractive\$.35	\$ 3.50

# 020011		
	Cach.	Doz.
L. Narbonense—Forms a spreading clump of attractive foliage with a profusion of azure blue flowers with		
white eye. Very handsome for the rockery	.50	5.00
L perenne—Very attractive, both in foliage and bloom.		
Flowers bfeautiful pale blue on slender, graceful		
stems	.25	2.50
LYCHNIS—Campion		
Hardy Perennial		
A family of very showy and useful plants both for the border and rock garden. Very easy culture, thriv- ing in almost any soil but requiring full sun.		
L. alpina—A very attractive little plant for the rock-		
ery, of tufted growth and bearing heads of pink blossoms in May and June\$	95	\$ 2.50
L. Arkwrightii —A new and very desirable border	.20	Ψ 2.00
plant, being a cross between L. chalcedonica and L.		
Haageana. Makes a long and lasting display in		
many new and lovely colors	.50	5.00
L. chalcedonica—Brilliant scarlet; very showy L. chalcedonica rosea—A very attractive variety of the	.20	2.00
above, bearing large heads of salmon pink blossoms	.25	2.50
L. Haageana—Brilliant orange scarlet blossoms in		
June and July	.20	2.00
L. Lagascae —An exquisite little plant for the rockery. Forms small clumps about 4 inches high, covered with		
showy blossoms of carmine rose	.50	5.00
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MERTENSIA—Blue Bells		
Hardy Perennial		
One of the most attractive early blooming plants		
and especially useful as it thrives best in shade. Should		
be given a very rich soil and be left undisturbed for years.		
M. primuloides—A rare variety. Dwarf growth and		
plum colored flowers	.50	5.00
M. sibirica—Leaves somewhat fleshy, flowers purplish		
blue in long racemes	.25	2.50
M. virginica—(Virginian Cowslip)—Long, nodding		
clusters of pale blue flowers with pink buds, making a most charming combination. Prefers moist, peaty		
ground. Foliage disappears during summer	.25	2.50

WOLCOTT NUNSERIES		
MONARDA—Oswego Tea Hardy Perennial	ach.	Doz.
One of the most brilliant flowers for the border. Will grow in almost any position and spreads rapidly.		
M. Didyma—Cambridge Scarlet—A very brilliant variety and especially effective with a dark background\$.50_	\$ 5.00
MORINA—Whorl-Flower		
Hardy Perennial	× .	
M. Longifolia—A very handsome plant with spiny thistle-like foliage and tall spikes of white and rose tubular flower in whorls. They thrive in rich, sandy loam and require a little shade and shelter; 2 ft	.50	\$ 5.00
MYOSOTIS—Forget-me-not		
Hardy Perennial		
Nearly everyone is familiar with the Forget-me-not which makes such beautiful pictures in the garden in early spring. They are alike charming in the border, rock garden or by the water side. They all require shade and a fair amount of moisture. M. Alpine Blue—One of the most intense blues of all		
the Forget-me-nots and makes a very compact growth; 9 inches	.15	\$ 1.50
M. Blue King—One of the richest and deepest colored blues of all the Alpine Forget-me-nots; 10 in	.15	1.50
M. alpestris—(Alpine Forget-me-not)—Bright blue; a lovely rock garden plant	.15	1.50
M. alpestris rosea—Charming pink variety of above	.15	1.50
M. alpestris "Queen Victoria"—Improved dwarf variety with large flowers in clusters	.15	1.50
M. Palustris Semperflorens—Large rich blue flowers with yellow eye, a charming plant for damp places and a more profuse bloomer than the type	.15	1.50
M. Ruth Fisher—A fine new hybrid of compact habit, with dark green glossy foliage and large, bright blue flowers	.25	2.50
M. Spring Beauty—A beautiful early flowering variety of compact habit and charming light blue flowers; 10 inches	.25	2.50

E	ach.	Doz.
M. Royal Blue—An exquisite variety of Forget-menot, literally covered with flowers of beautiful indigo blue in long sprays. A mass of this makes a sight not to be forgotten. Fine for cutting; 12 in	.15	1.50
M. Welwitschii—A Spanish species with large blue flowers and distinct yellow eye. Makes a compact, tufted growth. Choice	.20	2.00
clusters of white flowers, having a small, striking yellow eye; 10 in	.15	1.50
MYRRHIS—Myrrh		
Hardy Perennial		
M. odorata—The Sweet Cicely of English gardens. A very attractive plant having finely cut foliage resembling a large fern and bearing panicles of lacelike white bloom in early spring. Very valuable as a background for spring blooming bulbs	.25	\$ 2.50
NEPETA—Catmint		
Hardy Perennial		
N. macrantha—A free growing plant with spikes of		
lavender flowers	.15.	1.50
N. Mussini Superba—A branching plant bearing numerous lavender-colored flowers. The leaves are small and grayish and is a most useful plant for color		
N. Mussini Dark Var.—A new variety of the above	.20	2.00
with deep blue flowers	.25	2.50
N. nuda—A novelty received from Switzerland. Rather dwarf and compact grower	.50	5.00
OENOTHEDA E' D-'		
OENOTHERA—Evening Primro	se	
The Evening Primroses are excellent subjects for		
planting in sunny, exposed parts of the garden and are especially fond of a sandy soil.		
O. caespitosa—A beautiful dwarf variety with large, bluish pink blossoms	.50	\$ 5.00
O. speciosa—Large, pure white flowers, about 3 in. across	.20	\$ 2.00
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W OZGOTT WENGZRIZE		
O. speciosa rosea—A most striking new variety. The	Each.	Doz.
beautiful rose colored flowers cover the plant from early summer until frost	.25	2.50
O. taraxacifolia—Forms a spreading tuft of leaves close to the ground, from which spring twisted stems		1
bearing very large white blooms, turning to pink with age. Very attractive	.50	5.00
DADAMED		
PAPAVER— $Poppy$		
Hardy Perennial		
P. alpinum—Like a small and more delicate Iceland Poppy having flowers of white, pink, orange or yellow and often delicately fringed. Transplants best when quite small. True stock, from Switzerland	.20	\$ 2.00
P. nudicale—Iceland Poppy—A native of the arctic regions and mostly yellow flowered. Very showy and excellent for cut flowers	.20	2.00
P. pilosum—Very attractive alpine with showy red	.20	2.00
flowers	.20	2.00
P. orientale—Gorgeous subjects for the hardy border and very easily grown. The new shades of pink are exquisite and harmonize with other plants in the garden which the older orange scarlet shades do not always do.		
P. "Beauty of Livermere"—Deep ox-blooded red P. "Mahoney"—Deep mahogany color. Very hand-	.25	2.50
some	.25	2.50
P. "Mary Studholme"—Salmon with a silvery sheen and deep carmine at the base. One of the best	.25	2.50
P. "Mrs. Perry"—Orange apricot shade	.25	2.50
Crange apricot bhade		

HARDY PHLOX

2.00

Perennial

These beautiful hardy border plants are among the most effective things in the garden during the late summer and fall months. The varieties have been much improved during the past few years, both as to color and size of pip. To be at their best, they require soil which has been deeply enriched and plenty of water during the blooming period. It is also well to remember that they should never be allowed to go to seed and should be divided every three years, or they will become small and in not a few cases, change their color.

Finest mixed seedlings, from named varieties.....

·	Each.	Doz.
We have tried to confine our list to the very best of the numerous varieties offered and can safely say		
there is not a poor variety in the lot.		
Baron von Dedem—Large, handsome spike; brilliant blood red flower\$.20	\$ 2.00
Elizabeth Campbell—One of the finest. Large flower and spike. Bright salmon pink with dark red eye	.25	2.50
Eugene Danzenvillier—Lilac, shading to white at the edges	.20	2.50
Europa—A new variety, white with large crimson-carmine eye. Very large flower and truss	.25	2.50
Frau Anton Buckner—The finest white phlox. Strong habit and flowers of an enormous size	.20	2.00
Gefion—Peach-blossom pink with bright rose eye. Very		
attractive	.25	2.50
Jeanne d'Arc—Good late flowering pure white. Very	-	0.00
free bloomer	.20	2.00
Le Mahdi—Dark purple violet. Late	.20	2.00
Louise Abema—Very large, dwarf, pure white	.20	2.00
Mme. Paul Dutrie—Very soft, delicate pink. Flowers very large, immense panicle	.20	2.00
Miss Lingard—An early flowering variety, beginning in June and continuing all summer. White, with faint lilac eye and handsome, deep green foliage, it is a		
most popular variety for planting in masses	.20	2.00
Mrs. Jenkins—Pure white, enormous truss. Free bloomer and one of the best white	.25	2.50
Obergartner Wittig—Deep rose with carmine eye. Large flowers and truss	.20	2.00
Rheinlander—Very handsome salmon-pink with deep claret-red eye. Flowers and truss of immense size.		
Very choice	.25	2.5 0
Rosenberg—Bright reddish-violet with blood-red eye. A most striking variety	.20	2.00
R. P. Struthers—Bright rosy-carmine with claret-red		
eye. Very brilliant	.20	2.00
Rynstrom—Beautiful rose pink. Extra fine	.25	2.50
Thor-Enormous flowers of a deep salmon pink, over-		
laid with scarlet. • A most beautiful variety	.25	2 .50
Von Lassburg-Pure white; very large individual flow-	00	0.00
W. C. Egan—A most beautiful variety of soft pink with	.20	2.00
bright red eye. Immense flower and truss. Very fine	.25	2.50
Widar—Purple violet with very large white center	.25	2.50

	ach.	Doz.
PHLOX ARENDSI		
Hardy Perennial		
This new strain of early flowering Phlox originated		= = .
from crossing P. canadensis and P. decussata. The plants are vigorous, from 12 inches to 24 inches high		
and produce masses of bloom from the latter part of		71.11
May until July.		
Amanda—Bright lilac with deeper eye. Very dwarf\$		\$ 2.50
Charlotte—Pale lilac with conspicuous dark eye; 15 in.		2.50
Kathe—Rosy purple with a dark eye; 20 in	25	2.50
Louise—Bright lilac with carmine eye. Very strong growth; 24 in	.25	2.50
PHLOX SUBULATA—Moss Pin	k	
Hardy Perennial		
The creeping Phloxes are easily grown in full sun and make a very valuable addition to either the hardy garden or rockery because of their sheets of color in early spring.		
They form creeping masses of moss-like foliage, smothered with large, brilliant flowers. We list a few of the best.	*	
P. Daisy Hill—Large, deep rose blossoms\$.25	\$ 2.50
P. G. F. Wilson—Delicate blossoms of pale lilac	.25	2.50
P. The Bride—Purest White	.25	2.50
		7
PHYSOSTEGIA—False Dragon-H	ead	
Hardy Perennial		
P. Virginica Grandiflora—A plant much valued for hardy borders, blooming as it does in August when		
flowers are scarce. In good deep soil, will attain a height of over seven feet; bears long spikes of bright	1	
but soft pink flowers	.15	1.50
P. Virginica Grandiflora Alba—Pure white, very at-		
tractive	.15	1.50
DI AMUGODONI GI: D'IIG		
PLATYCODON—Chinese Bellflow	er .	

Hardy Perennial

These are closely allied to the Bellflower family and derive the name of "Balloon Flower" from the shape of the buds. They enjoy a very rich, loamy soil and are



Primula denticulata

most attractive plants for the border, bearing blue blossoms for about a month or six weeks, beginning about the middle of July. They are best planted when quite young, as they do not bear disturbing after once established.	ach.	Doz.
P. Maresii—A splendid variety of dwarf habit with very large flowers of a purplish blue color	.25	\$ 2.50
high, blooming in July and August. Flowers a deep blue two or three inches across	.25	2.50
POLEMONIUM—Jacob's Ladde: Hardy Perennial	r	
Excellent border plants with strikingly handsome and effective blossoms. The foliage is also very handsome, closely resembling some of the ferns. They flourish in rich, deep, well-drained loam and prefer partial shade.		
P. Cæruleum Grandiflorum—A very large form of P. Cæruleum having long spikes of large blue blossoms\$ P. Cæruleum Grandiflorum Album—A fine white form	.15	\$ 1.50
of the above	.15	1.50
POTENTILLA—Strawberry Flow Hardy Perennial	er	
Very effective plants for the hardy garden with strawberry-like leaves and showy blossoms which con- tinue for a long period. Easily cultivated, doing well in an open position. Fine for cutting.		
P. formosa—Crimson; large, single blossoms\$		\$ 2.50
P. nepalensis—Beautiful rose color		2.50
P. Miss Willmott—Deep cherry red	.25	2.50
POLYANTHUS—Bunch Primros	e	
Hardy Perennial		
The Polyanthus is an indispensable spring flower and should be used largely in flower beds and borders,		
also wild gardens and rockeries. It likes an open, half- shady position in rich soil and under such conditions		
P. Exhibition Blue—A very beautiful strain, having flowers from deep to light blue\$	F0	* = 00
flowers from deep to light blue\$.50	\$ 5.00

WOLCOIT NURSERIES	_	
P. Munstead Strain—In shades of yellow, from cream to dark orange, selected and perfected by Miss Jekyll	Each.	Doz.
of England for the past thirty-five years	.25	2.50
from light to dark red, with yellow eye	.25	2.50
white, with a striking yellow eye	.35	3.50
ford	.35	3.50
PRIMULA—Primrose Hardy Perennial		
A race of plants little known in America, but forming one of the most attractive features of the spring garden. They are perfectly hardy in our Michigan climate and once established are as sturdy as our oaks. The different varieties range in size from four inches to three feet, and in time of blooming from early April until late summer.		
Do not try to compel Primroses to grow in hot, sandy places for you will only meet with failure. They need at least partial shade and while they enjoy moisture at the roots, they must have good drainage or they will rot at the crown. Also be particular when planting		
that no dirt is left on the crown, as it seems to smother them. We have found cinders excellent for drainage. In fact, the majority of rock plants seems to like cinders mixed with the soil.		
P. auricula alpina—One of the treasures of the rock garden. The growth is very attractive, forming rosettes of thick leaves, sometimes farinose or mealy. From these rosettes the flower stalks rise to a height of six or eight inches, bearing heads of bloom of various colors and exceedingly fragrant. Our strain is from the great Primula specialist in Scotland and comprises a wide range of colors.		
Their native home is in the rocks, where they are constantly supplied with moisture at their roots. Give them a mixture of peat, leaf mould and sandy loam		A
with plenty of stones mixed with it	.\$.50	\$5.00
ety with large heads of deep yellow flowers	.50	5.00
red, shading deeper to eye, which is of rich yellow. Very new and very choice	1.00	10.00

P. "Asthore"—Coppery old rose flowers, tinged with	Each.	. Doz.
heliotrope and shading deeper to the yellow eye	.75	7.50
P. Beesiana—Distinct type of Bulleyana and pulverul-		
enta but later than either, with flowers of various		
shades of purple with yellow eye; 3 ft	.75	7.50
P. Bulleyana—A beautiful species from Yunnan. Flow-		
ers rich golden yellow, shaded orange buff, borne in		
whorls on stiff stems; 2 ft	.50	5.00
P. Bullesiana Hybrids-A new strain of Hardy Prim-		
ulas with the constitution of P. Japonica resulting		
from the crossing of P. Bullevana and P. Bessiana.		
They were given an AWARD OF MERIT by the		
Royal Horticultural Society in 1916. Colors range		
from cream to many shades of yellow, orange, pur-		
ple, lilac, pink and crimson. They are very hardy		
and prefer a half shaded position that is fairly moist	.50	5.00
P. capitata—Producing dainty heads of handsome vio-		
let blue flowers, dusted with a white mealy powder.		F 00
Likes a partially shady, moist position; late; 1 ft	.50	5.00
P. Cashmeriana—Flowers much the same as denticu-		F 00
lata but of a deep purple	.50	5.00
P. Cockburniana—A lovely species recently introduced		
from Western China, bearing scarlet flowers in		
whorls; very striking. Makes a wonderful combination of color planted with Bulleyana. Biennial; 1 ft	.50	5.00
	.50	5.00
P. cortusoides—A distinct Siberian species, with soft, wrinkled heart-shaped leaves. Flowers in early sum-		
mer, deep rose. Prefers light, rich, well-drained soil,		
in a sunny position, in border or rockery; 10 in,	.35	3.50
P. crispa—Similar to capitata. Prefers a boggy place	.50	5.00
P. denticulata—Very handsome, large flower heads, in	.00	0.00
various shades of lilac. One of the first to bloom.		
Prefers a moist, shady position; 2 ft	.50	5.00
P. denticulata alba—A beautiful white form of the		0.00
above; 2 ft	.50	5.00
P. farinosa—Silvery foliage and rosy purple flowers;		31
1 ft.	.35	3.50
P. Forresti-A beautiful variety recently introduced		
from China. Flowers on slender stems, deep orange,		
and very fragrant. Prefers well drained, half shady		
position in rock garden	.75	7.50
P. frondosa—Similar to farinosa, with rosy lilac		
blooms	.35	3.50
P. involucrata—Lovely in a damp, shady place; um-		
bels of white, drooping flowers; 1 ft	.50	5.00
P. Japonica Hybrids—A fine strain of this beautiful		
Primrose in shades of crimson	.25	2.50

	Each.	Doz.
P. "Lissadell Hybrid"—A cross between pulverulenta and Cockburniana. Very vigorous with flowers of a beautiful soft vermillion; 2 ft	.75	7.50
P. "Ailin Aroon"—Another cross between pulver- ulenta and Cockburniana; flowers light scarlet	.75	7.50
P. "Red Hugh"—Intense fiery red. Very new and exceedingly choice	1.00	10.00
P. Listers Hybrids—Very new. Many beautiful shades of color	.75	7.50
P. luteola—Heads of pale yellow blossoms about six inches high. Robust plant and very attractive	.50	5.00
P. Poissoni—Very handsome Primrose from Northern China. Light foliage and flowers of a deep purple with a bright yellow center, in whorls. June and July; 2 ft	.50	5.00
P. pulverulenta—Rich crimson in color, in whorls, on stems 3 ft. high. One of the finest varieties	.50	5.00
P. pulverulenta, "Mrs. Berkeley"—A very beautiful form of pulverulenta, having pale, blush flowers with a saffron eye. Very choice; 3 ft	.50	5.00
P. rosea—A handsome species, native of Kashmir. Leaves bright pale green and flowers in early spring of a bright rosy carmine, with yellow center. Pre- fers moist, loamy soil in rockery or on banks of streams; 6 in. Fall delivery	.50	5.00
P. Veitchii—A Chinese species, producing numerous stems with heads of rose purple flowers; 1 ft	.50	5.00
P. "Wilson's Blue"—A fine novelty, producing many charming shades from deep violet to lavender	.50	5.00
PYRETHRUM—Persian Daisy	7	
Hardy Perennial		
A charming, old-fashioned flower which has been much improved during recent years by Kelway of England. They are invaluable both for cutting and for color effects in the hardy border. They are exceedingly easy of culture, asking only for well drained soil and plenty of sun. However, they amply repay generous feeding. We are pleased to be able to offer Kelway's strain of these lovely plants	\$.25	\$ 2.50

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cach.	Doz.
RAMONDIA pyrenaica—We take much pleasure in of- fering our patrons this very choice and interesting gem of the rock garden. The densely hairy leaves form a flat rosette, throwing scapes of exquisite violet		1
blossoms with yellow centers.		
They should be planted in a cleft of the rocks, so water cannot lodge in the crown, in a mixture of coarse sandy peat.	502	
Well established plants	1.00	10.00
great the state of	2.8 Tr	10 .
RUDBECKIA—Cone-Flower		
Hardy Perennial	.07.	
Fine plants for the hardy border and very easily	7-1-17-3	
grown.		
R. Newmannii—Orange yellow flowers with black center, on stout, wiry stems; 2 ft	.20	2.00
R. Purpurea (Giant Purple Cone-Flower)—Rosy pur-		, r
ple flowers on stiff stems, 3 to 4 feet high. Very effec-	00	0.00
R. subtomentosa—A densely branched plant about 2	.20	2.00 प
ft. high, completely covered with a mass of brilliant	4 - m *	
yellow flowers with dark centers	.20	2.00
SALVIA—Meadow Sage	er i ke	
Hardy Perennial	T 2 152	
S. azurea grandiflora—A most attractive plant for the		
border bearing exquisite pale blue spikes of flowers on stems 3 to 4 ft. tall. It prefers a rich, sandy loam		Ĭ.
in a sunny position\$.25	2.50
e sa conference of the second of the second		
SAPONARIA—Soapwort		·
Hardy Perennial		
S. ocymoides—Handsome plant of trailing growth		
bearing a profusion of pink blossoms in June. Fine	00	20.00
for sandy soil	.20	2.00

SAXIFRAGA—Dactyloides—Mossy Saxifrage

Hardy Perennial

The Mossy Saxifrages are ideal plants for amateurs. They form perfect little carpets of evergreen that quickly spread over the ground or cover the stones with beau-

	Each.	Doz.
tiful, close-tufted verdure, which, in Spring and early Summer, become jeweled with little rounded blooms in pink, white or red. Most of them are easy to grow and ordinary, well-drained, loamy ground, with which pieces of grit or stone have been mixed, suits them admirably. They prefer half shade to full sun. S. decipiens Bathoniensis—Grows nearly a foot high,		
with much branched stems, and large brilliant red		
flowers	.50	\$ 5.00
S. decipiens Blutentippich—Scarlet flowers; 6 in		5.00
S. decipiens Tapis Rouge—Rose colored flowers; 4 in S. decipiens Guildford Seedling—Small red flowers,	.50	5.00
S. decipiens Red Admiral—A handsome saxifrage,	.50	5.00
bearing an abundance of vivid crimson flowers	.50	5.00
S. muscoides Magnifica—Largest flowering of all.		
Flowers clear crimson	.50	5.00
ers; 4 in	.50	5.00
Saxifraga Splendens—(longifolia x Cotyledon)—One of the very choice hybrids of the encrusted section. It has more of the longifolia rosette and the looser infloresence of the Cotyledon parent. A most attractive plant for the rock garden, the silvery edging of the leaves being most interesting. Plant in loamy soil, with plenty of grit; limestone, if possible. Top dress with coarse gravel	.75	7.50
		- 1.00
SAXIFRAGA—Megasea		
Hardy Perennial		
A most effective class of plants having broad, deep green foliage which takes on most beautiful tints in the fall. They are perfectly hardy, their only demand being stones around the roots, which makes them very desirable for the rock garden. The flowers are borne on stout stems well above the foliage and are very handsome, ranging in color from palest pink to rose and purple. We are able to offer Smith's hybrids, which		
are the finest grown\$.25	\$ 2.50
SCABIOSA—Blue Bonnet		
Hardy Perennial		
S. caucasica—Beautiful soft blue blossoms on long stems from June to August. Fine for cutting	.25	2.50
S. giganteaVery large sulphur yellow blossoms on sturdy stems three feet high	.35	3.50

	Each.	Doz.
SEDUM—Stone Crop	. 15	1 11
Hardy Perennial		
The dwarf vrieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, etc., and the taller kinds make effective color groups in the border. They thrive in almost any soil. They are especially fond of sand and full sun.	=	
 S. album—Foliage green. Small white flowers; 3 in S. anglicum—A very choice variety of Sedum with delicate pink, feathery blossoms. It is reputed hard 		\$ 2.00
to grow but has been most rampant with us in a sandy		0.50
soil and full sun. A gem for the rockery	.25	2.50
lilac flowers. Choice	.25	2.50
S. Laggeri—Attractive new species, with orange flow-		
ers	.20	2.00
S. lydium—Pink blossoms; bronzy green tufts	.20	2.00
S. maximum—Tall, robust species, foliage purplish,		0.50
flowers salmon pink	.25	2.50 2.50
S. monstrosum—Yellow blossoms; 1 ft	.25	2.50
hairy green rosettes, and bearing clusters of pink flowers; 2 in	.50	5.00
S. pulchellum—One of the prettiest of the family, with trailing stems and bright red flowers, like a starfish;		
5 inches	.35	3.50
S. Sieboldii—Handsome glaucous foliage and bright pink flowers in September	.25	2.50
S. Sieboldii variegata—Foliage edged white, making a very attractive plant. Rare	.35	3.50
S. spathulatum—Bright yellow flowers; grey rosettes; 6 inches	.25	2.50
S. spurium splendens—Creeping habit with umbles of rosy pink flowers	.35	3.50
SIDALCEA—Mallow-worts Hardy Perennial		
Fine border plants of robust growth and very free flowering. Easy to grow and splendid for cutting.		
S. candida—Numerous white flowers in terminal		
spikes	.25	2.50
S. Listeri—Satiny rose pink flowers, narrowly fringed.	.50	5.00

-	Each.	Doz.
S. malvaeflora—Very showy variety with flowers of a		
rosy purple	.35	3.50
S. oregana "Rose Queen"—Beautiful rose pink spikes	.35	3.50
of bloom. Choice	.50	5.00
SILENE—Catchfly		
Hardy Perennial		
A charming class of plants for the rock garden. They are closely allied to the pink family and require much the same treatment. They bloom nearly all summer and are very desirable additions to the rockery.		
S. alpestris—A charming alpine plant with pure white blossoms on wiry stems from three to four inches		0.50
highS. Asterias grandiflora—A very showy variety with large heads of crimson scarlet blossoms on stems	.25	2.50
about three feet high. Good border plant	.25	2.50
ers white, in great profusion	.50	5.00
covered with rosy purple flowers in July and August	.25	2.50
STACHYS—Wound Wort		
Hardy Perennial		
S. lantana—Handsome silvery white foliage with stalks of bloom about a foot high, purple, borne in the axils of the leaves. Very valuable for color contrast in the border and especially handsome planted with		
pink Canterbury Bells	.25	2.50
STATICE—Sea Pink Hardy Perennial		
S. latifolia—Great Sea Lavander—Fine for border. Branching sprays of bloom of a purple blue color. Fine for winter bouquets	.20	2.00
S. limonium—Large, leathery leaves with sprays of bluish purple flowers. Very handsome	.25	2.50
S. "Silver Cloud"—Lovely plant for the hardy border. Branching stems with myriads of pearl white flowers.	•	2.00
Very useful for winter bouquets	.35	3.50
S. Bonduelli—A very handsome annual variety of Statice with clear yellow blossoms	.20	2.00

	ach.	Doz.
STOKESIA—Stokes' Aster		15.
Hardy Perennial		
A handsome, vigorous plant, with heads of flowers about 1½ inches across, from July to September. Fine for cutting.		- \
S. cyanea—Very handsome lavender blue flowers. Prefers full sun		\$ 2.50
S. cyanea alba—Pure white variety of the above	.25	2.50
THALICTRUM—Meadow-Rue	Harris .	7-74
Hardy Perennial	11.51.4	
The Meadow Rues are among the most heautiful		
plants in the garden. Their foliage is finely cut and closely resembles the Maiden Hair Fern, while the		
blossoms lend a light and fearthery grace to their sur- roundings. They are fine for cutting and the foliage is most useful mixed in boquets. They prefer a rich loam and rather moist position.		
T. adiantifolium-Very beautiful with miniature white	- 4	
flowers through July	.25	\$ 2.50
T. aquilegifolium—Feathered Columbine. Handsome foliage; sepals white, stamens purple	.25	2.50
T. aquilegifolium atropurpureum—Graceful foliage	05	0.50
and masses of rosy purple flowers; 3 ft	.25	2.50
with sulphur stamens	.35	3.50
T. dipterocarpum—A very distinct species, with flowers of a beautiful rosy lilac and long, lemon yellow		
stamens and anthers. The plant grows four to five		•
feet high and is one of the gems of the garden	.35	3.50
T. glaucum—Finely cut foliage and pale yellow flowers in July and August	.25	2.50
T. flexuosum—Beautifully cut foliage	.25	2.50
T. lucidum—Long, narrow, finely cut foliage, with	,	
yellow flowers	.25	2.50
T. minus—Very dwarf with fern like foliage. True T. nutans—Lace-like foliage and yellow flowers	.50 .50	5.00 5.00
	.50	5.00
THERMOPSIS—False Lupin		
Hardy Perennial		
T. caroliana—A showy plant for the hardy border, bearing long spikes of yellow, pea-like blooms in June. Very effective planted with Delphiniums\$.25	\$ 2.50

WOLCOTT NURSERIES			
	Cach.	I	Ooz.
THYMUS—Thyme			-
Hardy Perennial			- 0
T. Serpyllum—Very desirable creeping plant for the rockery. Foliage dense of a handsome dark green; clouds of delicate purple flowers	.20	\$	2.00
TROLLIUS—Globe Flower Hardy Perennial			
Very effective, free blooming plants for a moist, shady situation. Are very happy planted on some moist bank, where their large, yellow blossoms look like glorified buttercups.			
T. japonicus "Excelsior"—Very deep orange yellow	.25		2.50
T. caucasicus "Orange Globe"—Large, golden orange	.25		2.50
T. europaeus—Bright yellow, globular form	.25		2.50
T. Goldquelle—Very large, fine deep yellow	.25		2.50
TUNICA—Coat Flower Hardy Perennial			
T. saxifraga—Beautiful little prostrate rockery plant with rose colored flowers		\$	2.0
VALERIANA—Valerian Hardy Perennial	÷ .	4	
One of the most popular of the old-fashioned garden flowers and of the easiest culture. V. officinalis (Garden Heliotrone)—Very fragrant			
V. officinalis (Garden Heliotrope)—Very fragrant, pinky-lavander flowers in June	.20	\$	2.0
V. rubra—A red flowered form of the above			2.5
TITED A GOVERN			

VERBASCUM—Mullein

Hardy Perennial

Verbascums, commonly known as mulleins, have been greatly improved in recent years. We know of no plants more noble or picturesque than these newer varieties. Their pyramidal spikes, towering up among other border plants are just the flowers to give the whole border a light, graceful and most natural appearance.

	ach.	Doz.
Roots should be given a good, deep soil, but well drained and very sandy. When the stems are cut down in the fall cover the crowns well with ashes or sand. The crown may sometimes appear to be dead, but the		
roots are still alive and should not be disturbed.		
V. "A. M. Burnie"—Branching spikes of rosy-fawn flowers; 4 ft\$.50	\$ 5.00
V. chaixii—A fine border plant with long spikes of yellow flowers	.25	2.50
V. chaixii album—A beautiful white flowered counter-	.zo	2.50
part of the above	.25	2.50
V. giganteum—(New.) A, noble species with hand- some silvery foliage and spikes of golden flowers; 10		
ft	.35	3.50
V. Harkness' New Hybrid—A handsome new mullein with woolly grey foliage and stout stems covered in		-1-
late summer with very large yellow flowers	.25	2.50
V. "Miss Willmott"—Huge spikes of creamy white flowers and golden stamens. Beautiful; 10 ft	.50	5.00
V. nigrum—Fine spikes of yellow flowers, with purple eye. Very handsome, and most effective planted with		
Larkspur	.35	3.50
V. Olympicum—Silvery leaves and much branched flower spikes, studded with yellow blossoms	.35	3.50
V. phlomoides alba—Dense spikes of white flowers, 5	.00	0.00
feet high	.25	3.50
V. phœniceum—Very attractive border plant, of various shades, including white, pink, and violet, in grace-		
ful spikes; 2 ft	.25	2.50
VERONICA—Speedwell		
Hardy Perennial		
V. incana—Silvery foliage with spikes of pale blue flowers. Valuable for both rock garden and borden\$ V. longifolia subsessilis—One of the handsomest	.25	\$ 2.50
border plants we know. Grows about two feet tall and from July until frost is covered with long spikes	o E	2.50
of deep blue flowers	.25	2.50
Grows four or five feet in height and produces a pro-	.25	2.50
fusion of clear, blue flowers	.20	2.00
thick masses of deep green foliage which is smothered in early spring with bright blue flowers	.25	2.50

. WOLCOTT NURSERIES		
, I	Each.	Doz.
V. spicata—A fine border plant, growing about two feet tall and in June producing long spikes of bright blue flowers	.25	2.50
V. teucrium "Royal Blue"—Very desirable variety for the rock garden as it is of trailing growth and covered with deep blue flowers in June	.35	3.50
V. "True Blue"—Very handsome variety with brilliant blue flowers late in summer; 1 ft	.25	2.50
VIOLA—Tufted Pansy		
Hardy Perennial		
The Viola is not as well known in America as it should be for it is perfectly hardy in well-drained soil and a most profuse bloomer from early Spring until		
Fall. It needs deep, well-enriched soil and considerable sun, with plenty of water. Ideal for carpeting rose		
beds as the roses afford just enough shade. The colors are varied, as in Pansies, but much more refined and		
need to be grown to be appreciated.		
Do not allow to seed, as it will stop the bloom and early in September cut back all straggling growth,		
when the plant will make new tufts.		
V. Ariel—Mauve, beautifully shaded with white\$ V. Aurora—Bluish purple. Immense bloomer	.35 .35	\$ 3.50 3.50
V. Blanche—Creamy white; very large	.35	3.50
V. Blue Gown—Blue, tinted mauve	.35	3.50
V. Cecilia—Creamy white, edged pink	.35	3.50
V. Councillor W. Waters—Crimson purple	.35	3.50
V. Gen. Baden Powell—Orange, very large V. James Pilling—Pure white with lavander margin	.35 .35	3.50 3.50
V. John Forbes—Violet, shading to rich rose	.35	3.50
V. Kitty Bell—Lavander. Very refined	.35	3.50
V. Maggie Mott-Soft mauve, free flowering. Fine	.35	3.50
V. Moseley Perfection—Deep yellow; large and grand	.35	3.50
V. Snowflake—Snow white; very large	.35	3.50
V. Wm. Neil—Rose. Very pleasing V. William Robb—Lavender. Very free	.35 .35	3.50 3.50
V. William Robb—Lavender. Very free	.30	3.50

VIOLA CORNUTA-Horned Violet

2.50

Hardy Perennial

One of the parents of the tufted pansy and much grown as an edging for beds and borders. It is a Pyrenean species and of dwarf, tufted habit.

the above named varieties.....

E E	ach.	Doz.
V. cornuta—Admiration—Soft purple, dark blotch		1.50
V. cornuta—lutea splendens—Rich golden yellow		1.50
V. cornuta—Mauve Queen—Reddish violet. Very fine V. cornuta—Papilio—Violet with dark eye	.15	1.50 1.50
V. cornuta—Blue Perfection—Very deep blue		1.50
V. cornuta—White Perfection—Lovely pure white	.15	1.50
VIOLA GRACILIS—Olympian V	iolet	
Hardy Perennial		
A lovely Grecian species on the order of the Violet-		
ta. Planted in masses in an open position on the rock-		
ery, they will rapidly cover the ground with dark green foliage that is covered throughout the most of the		
spring and summer with their dainty blossoms.		
V. "Alannah"—Very new. Cross between bosniaca and		
cornuta. Flowers pink	.35	3.50
V. gracilis—Intense violet flowers. A fine rock plant.	.20	2.00
V. gracilis "Purple Robe"—Bloom from April to Sep-		1
tember. Very choice	.25	2.50
V. gracilis "Lord Nelson"—New. The most perpetual Viola in cultivation. Flowers of a glowing violet		
purple, erect, on long stems. Very desirable rock		
purple, erect, on long stems. Very desirable rock plant	.35	3.50
V. bosniaca—A perfect gem from Bosnia, with quant-		
ities of rose colored flowers. Resembles gracilis in	50	F 00
habit	.50	5.00
WAHLENBERGIA—Tufted Hare	111	
	bell	
Hardy Perennial		
Beautiful, free flowering plants, especially suited to the rock garden. They are closely allied to the Bell-		
flowers and need about the same treatment.	165	
W. dalmatica—Beautiful dwarf alpine, flowers deep		
	.50	5.00
W. graminifolia—Long grassy foliage and pale blue flowers. Prefers ledge of rocks	.50	5.00
W. Kitaibeli—Tufted foliage and bright blue flowers	.50	5.00
W. tasmanica—Beautiful variety with bright blue		0.00
flowers. Very new	.50	5.00
W. vincæflora—A native of Australia and New Zealand,		
this beautiful new perennial bears large blue flowers		
on stems from 9 to 12 inches high. The color is ex-	.50	5.00
quisite and it is a gem for the rock garden	.50	9.00

SHRUBS

Our list of shrubs comprises the best of our native as well as some other varieties and we shall add to our

list the best of the novelties. Our stock is sturdy, well- rooted and is sure to thrive if given proper care and attention after planting.	Each.	D
ALTHEA—Rose of Sharon	Eacn,	Doz.
Very ornamental shrubs, useful for late flowering effects. Can be trimmed to bush or tree form.		
A. Double Pink	•	\$ 5.00
A. Double Purple		5.00
A. Double White		5.00 5.00
	.00	0.00
ARALIA—Angelica Tree		
A. pentaphylla—A pretty Japanese shrub of medium size. Spiny branches, leaves pale green	\$.35	\$ 3.50
BERBERIS—Barberry		
B. Thungbergii—Japanese Barberry—Dwarf habit, small foliage, changing to beautiful tints in the autumn. Very attractive scarlet fruit all winter. Fine for hedges	.25	2.50
For hedges, 18 in., \$12.00 per 100. B. Wilsoni—One of the most ornamental shrubs of recent introduction. About the same height as B. Thungbergi but with foliage quite distinct. Leaves small, very lustrous, silvery beneath. Fruit very brilliant scarlet and very abundant	\$.50	\$ 5.00
BUDDLEIA—Butterfly Bush		
B. Davidii—(syn. variabilis)—New, very desirable. Blooms from July till frost, bearing panicles of lilac- colored flowers on stiff stems. Needs protection in		2.6
this climate until well established; 8 ft	\$.50	\$ 5.00
B. Magnifica—Very handsome, immense spikes of deep purple	.75	7.50
B. Veitchiana-More robust. Branches erect at first		
later arching. Bright mauve colored flowers, orange	.50	5.00

TODGOTT TOROLING		
	Each.	Doz.
CALYCANTHUS—Carolina Allsp	oice	
C. floridus—Sweet-Scented Shrub—Foliage downy beneath. Flowers in May, very fragrant	.50	5.00
CLETHRA—White Alder	/-	100
C. alnifolia—(Sweet Pepper Bush)—One of our best fall flowering shrubs. Spikes of pure white flowers in July and August. Very fragrant	.50	5.00
CORNUS—Dogwood		
C. alba—Red-Branched Dogwood—Handsome, bright		. 7-
red bark in Winter; creamy white flowers in early Spring, followed by white fruit	.35	\$ 3.50
C. alba elegantissima—A very handsome variegated variety. leaves broadly margined white; bark bright		
red in Spring	.50	5.00
S. amomum—Silky Dogwood—Fine shrub with purple branches. Grows to a height of about ten feet. Fruit		
blue, sometimes partly white	.50	5.00
C. floridas—Flowering Dogwood—A beautiful tree, 20 to 30 feet high, with white flowers in April and May	1.00	10.00
C. Florida rubra—Very handsome pink blossoms. One of our choicest flowering shrubs	2.00	20.00
C. Mas—Cornelian Cherry—A small tree with bright yellow flowers early in Spring, followed by red ber-		
ries	.35	3.50
C. paniculata—Panicled Dogwood—Gray branches; flowers white. Very handsome in the fall with its		
white fruit on red peduncles	.50	5.00
CYTISUS—Broom		
Very handsome, free flowering shrubs and much used for showy effects, especially in the rock garden. They flourish in a dry, sandy place and transplant best when young.		
The varieties we offer are all perfectly hardy, going through our severe winter of 1917-1918 in the open field with no protection.		- Vi - Isla
C. austriacus—A twiggy shrub, two to four feet high, with numerous yellow blossoms in June	.75	\$ 7.50
C. capitatus—Low growing shrub, about three feet, with hairy leaves and branches and blooming pro-		
fusely in July and August. Yellow	.75	7.50

I	Each.	Doz.
C. laburnum—Golden Chain—A tall growing variety, almost tree like, with long racemes of yellow flowers in June	.50	5,00
C. nigricans—A downy shrub, growing from three to six feet high, with long erect spikes of yellow flowers in June	.50	5.00
	.00	0.00
DEUTZIA—Deutzia		
D. crenata fl. pl.—Double-Flowered Deutzia—Flowers double white, tinged rose. Very handsome	.50	5.00
D. gracilis—Slender-Branched Deutzia—A charming dwarf shrub with pure white flowers. Grows well in	.00	3 -00
partial shade	.50	5.00
D. gracilis rosea—Pink flowering form of the above D. Lemoinei—One of the best. Flowers pure white,	.75	7.50
, upright growth. Dwarf	.50	5.00
DIERVILLA—Weigela		
D. Abel Carrier—Bright rose Very choice	.50	5.00
D. Eva Rathke—Very handsome. Flowers brilliant crimson; foliage dark green	.50	5.00
D. rosea—A fine shrub with rose-colored flowers in		
June	.50	5.00
D. variegata—Dwarf habit and handsome variegated leaves. Flowers nearly white	.50	5.00
ELÆAGNUS—Oleaster		
E. angustifolia—Russian Olive—A rapid growing, tree-like shrub with willow-like leaves, greyish green above and silvery white beneath. Flowers in summer, yellow, followed by silver-grey fruits. Fine for poor, sandy soil	2 50	\$ 5.00
sandy son) JO. 0	\$ 9.00
EUONYMUS—Spindle Tree		
E. europæa—Forms a tree, sometimes 30 feet high. Small, greenish-white flowers in May, followed by bright pink fruits which open when ripe and reveal the orange-colored aril	.50	. 5.00
EXOCHORDA—Pearl Bush		
E. grandiflora—A fine shrub with large white flowers in May, One of the best of its season	.50	5.00

17	ach.	D
FORSYTHIA—Golden Bell	acn.	Doz.
M. Fortunei—Flowers bright golden. One of the earliest shrubs to bloom	.50	5.00
F. intermedia—Slender, arching branches. Flowers brightgolden, in early spring before the leaves ap-		
pear. Very handsome	.50	5.00
HYDRANGEA		
H. arborescens grandiflora—Hills of Snow—One of the most valuable shrubs, both on account of its at- tractive foliage and of its beautiful flowers which		
form large heads of snow-white bloom. Begins to bloom in June and lasts into August. Will also do		* .
well in partial shade	.50	5.00
six to eight feet high, with large panicles of white flowers, turning pink with age; strong plants	· 5 0	5.00
HYPERICUM—St. John's Wort	t	
H. olympicum—Dense undershrub with erect stems and dark green leaves, whitish beneath. Flowers large, light yellow, about an inch across. Fruit berrylike, blackish violet, size of a pea. All parts very		
aromatic. Very choice	.75	7.50
clear yellow blossoms in July and August	.50	5.00
KERRIA—Corchorus		
H. japonica—Globe Flower—A slender branched shrub with globular, yellow flowers from June to		
August. Very handsome	.35	3.50
handsome. Scarce	.75	7.50
K. japonica variegata—A silver foliaged variety of dwarf habit	.35	3.50
LIGUSTRUM—Privet		
 I. amurense—Amur Privet—A much hardier variety than the California Privet. Fine for hedges L. Ibota—Choice hedge plant. Flowers white, large 	.35	3.50
and very fragrant	.35	3.50
L. Regelianum—Regel's Privet—A handsome flow-	.35	3.50

	ch.	Doz.
L. amurense—Amur Privet—Similar in habit to the California variety We do not list L. ovalifolium, (California Privet) as it is not hardy in this climate. The above varieties are perfectly hardy here and make just as desirable hedge plants. Special prices on hedges.	.35	3.50
LONICERA—Upright Honeysuck	le	
L. bella albida—White flowers, showy red fruit in abundance\$.50	\$ 5.00
L. Ledebourii—A distinct native variety, with red flowers in May. Rather dwarf	.50	5.00
L. Morrowi—A handsome Japanese Honeysuckle, covered during summer with showy red berries	.50	5.00
L. tartarica rosea—Rose-colored flowers in June, followed by red berries	.50	5.00
PHILADELPHUS—Mock-Orang	е	
P. coronarius—Garland Syringa—Pure white, highly-scented-flowers in early Spring\$.50	\$ 5.00
P. coronarius aureus—Golden Syringa—Medium size with golden yellow foliage. Keeps its color during the entire season	.50	5.00
P. Lemoinei—A beautiful hybrid with large white flowers in June. Very fragrant	.50	5.00
PERSICA—Peach		
P. Double Crimson—Very ornamental flowering trees		
with large, double rose colored blossoms	.75	7.50
P. Double White—Same as above, only white	.75	7.50
PRUNUS—Plum		
P. triloba—Double-Flowered Plum—Very handsome		
double flowers of a delicate pink, thickly set on long, slender branches, in May	.75 .75	7.50 7.50
PTELEA—Hop Tree		
P. trifoliata—Shrub or small tree with glossy, green foliage adorned in fall with clusters of very orna-		
mental light green fruits. Plant in moist, well drained soil (porous) and particularly shady position	.50	5.00

	Each.	Doz.
RHODOTYPOS—White Kerria		D02.
K. kerrioides—A fine Japanese shrub with handsome foliage and large, single whit, flowers the latter part of May; followed by black fruit	- 50	5.00
	.50	5.00
RHUS—Sumach		
R. cotinus—Smoke Tree—Hair-like, purple flowers, which gives the bush an appearance of mist. Attractive foliage	.75	7.50
R. glabra laciniata—Cut-Leaf Sumach—Very elegant, beautifully cut foliage, resembling fern leaves and		
turning to a rich red in autumn	.75	7.50
China and Japan. The leaf stalk is winged and in Autumn the foliage assumes beautiful tints of red		
and orange. Flowers in July and August in large clusters at the ends of the branches. The most orna-		
mental of the Sumacs when in blossom. Very hardy. R. typhina—Stag-Horn Sumach—A large shrub or	.50	5.00
tree, brilliant foliage and scarlet fruit in Autumn	.50	5.00
R. typhina laciniata—A handsome cut-leaved form of the above	.50	5.00
ROBINA—Locust		
R. Pseudacacia—Black Locust—Handsome, native tree		- ' :
with thorny branches and pendulous, white flowers in spring. Very fragrant. Makes a splendid protec-		
tive hedge	.50	5.00
SAMBUCUS—Elder		
S. nigra aurea-Golden Elder-A handsome, golden-		
leaved shrub. Very valuable	.50	5.00
S. nigra laciniata—Handsome, cut-leaved variety S. racemosa—Red-Berried Elder—Panicles of white	.50	5.00
flowers in Spring, followed by red berries	.50	5.00
SPIRÆA—Meadow Sweet		
S. Billardii—Rose-colored flowers, blooming nearly all		# = 00
S. Bumalda var. Anthony Waterer—A fine dwarf	5 .50	\$ 5.00
Spirea, bearing dark red flowers all summer	.50	5.00
flowers all summer	.50	5.00

	Each.	Doz.
S. opulifolia—Nine Bark Spirea—A fine shrub, about five feet high, with white flowers in June	50	5.00
S. opulifolia aurea—Golden Spirea—A beautiful golden-leaved variety of the above	50	5.00
S. Thunbergii—Dwarf habit and slender, drooping branches. Flowers small, white and appearing very early in the Spring	•	5.00
S. Van Houttei—One of the finest of the Spireas. In May and June the plant is a mass of white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance		5.00
STEPHANANDRA Tanakae—Very handsome shrub with graceful foliage and loose panicles of small, white flowers. Foliage assumes gorgeous tints in the		
fall		7.50
SYRINGA—Lilac		
S Josikea-Hungarian Lilac-A distinct species with		
dark, shining leaves and purple flowers in June, after the other varieties have done flowering	.75	7.50
S. Persica—Persian Lilac—Small foliage and bright		1.50
purple flowers; 6 ft		6.00
S. Persica alba-White Persian Lilac-Delicate white		
flowers. Very fragrant		7.50
C. Common Lilac	.50	5.00
S. Common White Lilac		5.00
S. Cashimir Perier—Double white. Fine		10.00
S. Chas. X.—Single, redish purple. Strong growing S. De Miribel—Single violet		7.50 7.50
S. Ludwig Spaeth—Flowers large, dark purplish red.		7.50
Single. Very distinct	.75	7.50
S. Marie Legraye-Large panicles of single white		
flowers. One of the best		7.50
S. Michael Buckner-Pure lilac. Double. Beautiful	1.00	10.00
S. Pres. Grevy—Beautiful blue. Flowers very double		7 50
and large	.75 .75	7.50 7.50
		7.50
SYMPHORICARPUS—St. Peter's	Wort	
S. racemosa—Snowberry—A well-known shrub having small, pink flowers at the ends of the branches and followed by large, white berries that hang on the		
plant during the Winter. Will grow under trees	.50	5 00

S. vulgaris—Indian Currant—A shrub of good habit, with inconspicuous flowers and deep purple berries, which hang all winter. Excellent for growing in shade or under trees where other things will not grow	.50	5.00
TAMARIX—Tamarisk		
 T. Africana—Slender, spreading branches. Flowers pink, along last year's branches. Blooms in May T. nispida æstivalis—Small, blue-green leaves and 	.50	5.00
rosy-carmine flowers in fall	.50	5.00
VIBURNUM—Arrow Root		
V. cassinoides—A handsome shrub with yellowish- white flowers in flat symes in June. Fruit handsome; rosy at first, changing to bluish black	.75	7.50
V. Lantana—Wayfaring Tree—A large, robust shrub with thick, heavy leaves and large clusters of white flowers in May. Fruit red, turning black. Very handsome		5.00
V. Opulus—Bush Cranberry—Very ornamental, bearing red berries, resembling cranberries, until destroyed by frost	() = 1	5.00
V. tomentosum—The single form of the Japan Snow- ball. Flowers pure white, in flat cymes, early in June. One of the handsomest shrubs we have		10.00
V. var. plicatum—Japan Snowball—From China. Handsome plicated leaves, globular heads of pure white, neutral flowers early in June. Much finer than		
the common Snowball in every way	.75	7.50

VINES

VIIVED	ach.	Doz.
AMPELOPSIS	acn.	<i>D</i> 02.
A. Veitchii—Boston Ivy—Leaves small, overlapping one another, forming a dense sheet of green. It grows rapidly and clings closely to wall or trellis. The foliage assumes beautiful tints in the fall. Protect until well established—strong two year-old plants\$ A. quinquefolia—Virginia Creeper—Beautiful leaves that become a rich crimson in Autumn. A fine vine for covering walls, verandas or trunks of trees. Very hardy	.25	\$ 2.50 2.50
ARISTOLOCHIA—Birthwort		
A. Sipho—Dutchman's Pipe—A native of climbing habit and rapid growth. Magnificent, light green foliage and curious pipe-shaped, yellowish brown flowers	.50	5.00
CLEMATIS—Virgin's Bower		
C. Jackmanni—Large, violet purple blossoms. Free grower and an abundant bloomer	.50	5.00
C. paniculata—A most desirable and beautiful vine; grows luxuriantly, blooms profusely and is very graceful. Flowers pure white, very fragrant and produced in late summer, followed by ornamental seed pods	.25	2.50
EUONYMUS		
E. radicans—An evergreen vine that clings to walls after the manner of ivy	.35	3.50
E. radicans variegata—A variegated variety of the above. Much used as edgings for beds and borders, by keeping closely cut	.35	3.50
LONICERA—Honeysuckle		
L. Halleana—Hall's Honeysuckle—A vigorous variety, with pure white flowers, changing to yellow.		
Very fragrant and the best variety\$.30	\$ 3.00

LYCIUM—Box Thorn

L. vulgare—Matrimony Vine—A very ornamental climber, of strong growth and bearing small, purplish flowers in summer, followed by scarlet berries	.30	3.00
TECOMA—Trumpet Vine		
T. radicans—A hardy, climbing plant with trumpet- shaped, scarlet flowers in August	.35	3.50
WISTARIA		
W. sinensis—Chinese Wistaria—One of the most beautiful of all climbing plants. Has long, pendulous clusters of the pale blue flowers in May and June	.50	5.00
W. sinensis alba—The white-flowered variety of the		- 4



